

## 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name: KODAK DEKTOL Developer (Single Powder)

#### **Product code:** 1464726

Supplier: KODAK AUSTRALASIA Pty. Ltd., Level 2, 436 Johnston Street, Abbotsford, Victoria, 3067

For Chemical Emergency Information, in Australia call 1800 033111 (24 hour service Australia-wide); in New Zealand call 0800 734 607 (24 hour service); in Asia call +86 21 63500836

For Other Information, call 61 3 8417 8000.

Synonyms: PCD 224

Product Use: photographic processing chemical (developer/activator), For industrial use only.

# 2. Hazards identification

**STATEMENT OF HAZARDOUS NATURE:** Hazardous according to criteria of Australian Safety and Compensation Council

**Harmful, Dangerous for the environment.** Harmful if swallowed. Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect. Possible risk of irreversible effects. Irritating to eyes. May cause sensitization by skin contact. Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

#### Poisons Schedule: 5

Contains: Sodium carbonate, monohydrate

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Weight percent	Components (CAS-No.)
50 - 55	Sodium carbonate, monohydrate (5968-11-6)
30 - 35	Sodium sulphite (7757-83-7)
5 - 10	Hydroquinone (123-31-9)
1 - 5	Bis(4-hydroxy-N-methylanilinium) sulphate (55-55-0)
1 - 5	Polyphosphoric acids, sodium salts (68915-31-1)
1 - 5	Potassium bromide (7758-02-3)

### 4. First aid measures

Inhalation: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention.

Eyes: If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush the eye continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to stop by the Poisons Information Centre or a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn. Get medical attention.

**Skin:** If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Destroy or thoroughly clean contaminated shoes.

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**Ingestion:** If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a physician or poison control centre immediately.

### Notes to physician:

**Treatment:** Absorption of this material into the body leads to the formation of methemoglobin that, in sufficient concentration, causes cyanosis. Since reversion of methemoglobin to hemoglobin occurs spontaneously after termination of exposure, moderate degrees of cyanosis need to be treated only by supportive measures such as bed rest and oxygen inhalation. Thorough cleansing of the entire contaminated area of the body, including scalp and nails, is of utmost importance. If cyanosis is severe, intravenous injection of methylene blue, one milligram per kilogram of body weight, may be of value.

### 5. Fire-fighting measures

### Hazchem Code: 2Z

**Extinguishing Media:** Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

**Special Fire-Fighting Procedures:** Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing. Fire or excessive heat may produce hazardous decomposition products.

Hazardous Combustion Products: None (noncombustible), (see also Hazardous Decomposition Products sections.)

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: None.

### 6. Accidental release measures

Contaminated absorbent should be disposed of in accordance with local regulations. Shovel into suitable container for disposal. Avoid dust formation. Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

### 7. Handling and storage

**Personal precautions:** Do not breathe dust at concentrations greater than the exposure limits. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Keep container tightly closed. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Prevention of Fire and Explosion: No special technical protective measures required.

Storage: Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from incompatible substances (see Incompatibility section.)

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational expo Chemical Name	Regulatory List	Value Type	Value
Hydroquinone	Exposure Standards	time weighted average	2 mg/m3
Sulphur dioxide		time weighted average Short term exposure limit	2 ppm   5.2 mg/m3 5 ppm   13 mg/m3
Hydroquinone Sulphur dioxide	New Zealand	time weighted average time weighted average	2 mg/m3 2 ppm  5.2 mg/m3

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#### Short term exposure limit

5 ppm 13 mg/m3

**Ventilation:** Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Controls should be sufficient so that applicable occupational exposure limits are not exceeded.

**Respiratory protection:** If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits, an approved respirator must be worn. Respirator type: N95 Particulate Filter. A respirator should be worn if hazardous decomposition products are likely to be or have been released. Respirator type: acid gas See Stability and Reactivity Section. If respirators are used, a program should be instituted to assure compliance with applicable federal, state, commonwealth, provincial, or local laws and regulations.

Eye protection: Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Hand protection: Wear impervious gloves and protective clothing appropriate for the risk of exposure.

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical form: solid (powder)

Colour: white

Odour: odourless

Specific gravity: no data available

Vapour pressure (at 20.0 °C (68.0 °F)) : negligible

Vapour density: not applicable

Boiling point/boiling range: not applicable

Melting point/range: no data available

Water solubility: appreciable

pH: not applicable

Flash point: not applicable

Flammability Limits: Not specified

### **10. Stability and reactivity**

Stability: Stable under normal conditions.

Incompatibility: Acids Contact with strong acids liberates sulphur dioxide.

Hazardous decomposition products: Sulphur oxides.

Hazardous Polymerization: Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.

# 11. Toxicological information

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## Effects of Exposure

#### **General advice:**

Contains: Hydroquinone. Possible risk of irreversible effects. Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect.

Contains: Bis(4-hydroxy-N-methylanilinium) sulphate. May cause blood disorders based on animal data.

Contains: Polyphosphoric acids, sodium salts. May cause kidney damage based on animal data.

Contains: Potassium bromide. Ingestion of bromide salts can cause nausea, vomiting, headache, irritability, delirium, memory loss, decreased appetite, joint pain, hallucinations, stupor, coma, and acne like rash on face, legs, and trunk.

**Inhalation:** Expected to be a low hazard for recommended handling. In contact with strong acids or if heated, sulphites may liberate sulphur dioxide gas. Sulphur dioxide gas is irritating to the respiratory tract. Some asthmatics or hypersensitive individuals may experience difficult breathing.

Eyes: Irritating to eyes.

Skin: May cause sensitization by skin contact.

**Ingestion:** Harmful if swallowed. Some asthmatics or sulfite-sensitive individuals may experience wheezing, chest tightness, stomach upset, hives, faintness, weakness and diarrhea.

### Acute Toxicity Data:

Oral LD50 (rat): 500 - 5,000 mg/kg

Skin irritation: moderate

# 12. Ecological information

The following properties are ESTIMATED from the components of the preparations.

### **Potential Toxicity:**

Toxicity to fish (LC50):

1 - 10 mg/l

Toxicity to daphnia (EC50): Daphnia: 1 - 10 mg/l

Persistence and degradability: Not readily biodegradable.

### 13. Disposal considerations

Discharge, treatment, or disposal may be subject to federal, state, commonwealth, provincial, or local laws. Since emptied containers retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

# 14. Transport information

The information given below is provided to assist in documentation. It may supplement the information on the package. The package in your possession may carry a different version of the label depending on the date of

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manufacture. Depending on inner packaging quantities and packaging instructions, it may be subject to specific regulatory exceptions. Please consult the product packaging for further details.

ADG:	UN number: Proper shipping name: Class: Packaging group: Marine Pollutant status:	Y HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, oquinone, Bis(4-hydroxy-N- hate)
IATA:	UN number: Proper shipping name: Class: Packaging group: Marine Pollutant status: Marine Pollutant(s):	Y HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, oquinone, Bis(4-hydroxy-N- hate) Bis(4-hydroxy-N-methylanilinium)
IMDG:	UN number: Proper shipping name: Class: Packaging group: Marine Pollutant status: Marine Pollutant(s):	Y HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, oquinone, Bis(4-hydroxy-N- hate) Bis(4-hydroxy-N-methylanilinium)

For more transportation information, go to: www.kodak.com/go/ship.

# **15. Regulatory information**

## **Notification status**

Regulatory List	Notification status
TSCA	Not all listed
DSL	Not all listed
NDSL	None listed
EINECS	Not all listed
ELINCS	None listed
NLP	None listed
AICS	All listed
IECS	All listed
ENCS	All listed
ECI	Not all listed
NZIoC	All listed

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PICCS All listed

"Not all listed" indicates one or more component is either not on the public Inventory or is subject to exemption requirements. If additional information is needed contact Kodak.

### Poisons Schedule: 5

Australian Safety and Compensation Council: none

#### **Other regulations**

Australia National Model Regulations for the Control of Scheduled Carcinogenic Substances No components listed

### 16. Other information

The data below reflects current legislative requirements whereas the product in your possession may carry a different version of the label depending on the date of manufacture. The actual label information will depend upon the intended use of the product. Australian Safety and Compensation Council labeling appears for commercial/industrial use.

### Australian Safety and Compensation Council Labeling:



Symbol/Indication of Danger:	Xn: Harmful N: Dangerous for the environment
Risk Phrases:	<ul> <li>R22: Harmful if swallowed.</li> <li>R40: Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect.</li> <li>R68: Possible risk of irreversible effects.</li> <li>R36: Irritating to eyes.</li> <li>R43: May cause sensitization by skin contact.</li> <li>R51/53: Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.</li> </ul>
Safety Phrases:	<ul><li>S24: Avoid contact with skin.</li><li>S36/37: Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves.</li><li>S57: Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination.</li></ul>

National Health and Medical Research Council Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Drugs and Poisons Labeling:

CAUTION KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING Contains: Sodium carbonate, monohydrate Revision Date 09.04.2012 Print Date: 04.10.2012 Z17000000428/Version: 1.4 Page: 7/7

Warning: Strongly alkaline.

Safety Phrases: Avoid contact with skin or eyes.

**First aid:** For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (Australia 13 1126; New Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor. If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting. If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush the eye continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to stop by the Poisons Information Centre or a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes. If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water.

The information contained herein is furnished without warranty of any kind. Users should consider these data only as a supplement to other information gathered by them and must make independent determinations of suitability and completeness of information from all sources to assure proper use and disposal of these materials and the safety and health of employees and customers and the protection of the environment. The information relating to the working solution is for guidance purposes only, and is based on correct mixing and use of the product according to instructions.

R-2, S-2, F-0, C-0