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1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name: KODAK FLEXICOLOR Fixer and Replenisher, Fixer

Product code: 6600373 - Fixer

Supplier: KODAK AUSTRALASIA Pty. Ltd., Level 2, 436 Johnston Street, Abbotsford, Victoria, 3067

For Chemical Emergency Information, in Australia call 1800 033111 (24 hour service Australia-wide); in New Zealand call 0800 734 607 (24 hour service); in Asia call +86 21 63500836

For Other Information, call 61 3 8417 8000.

Synonyms: PCD 3587

Product Use: photographic processing chemical (fixer), For industrial use only.

2. Hazards identification

STATEMENT OF HAZARDOUS NATURE: Hazardous according to criteria of Australian Safety and Compensation Council

Harmful. Harmful by inhalation.

Contains no scheduled poisons

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Weight percent	Components (CAS-No.)	
50 - 55	Ammonium thiosulphate (7783-18-8)	
1 - 5	Sodium bisulphite (7631-90-5)	
1 - 5	Sodium sulphite (7757-83-7)	

4. First aid measures

Inhalation: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Eyes: In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn. Get medical attention.

Skin: Wash off with soap and water. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Ingestion: Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Hazchem Code: Not specified

Extinguishing Media: Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide. Flush with

plenty of water.

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Special Fire-Fighting Procedures: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing. Fire or excessive heat may produce hazardous decomposition products.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Carbon oxides, nitrogen oxides (NOx), Sulphur oxides, (see also Hazardous Decomposition Products sections.)

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Dried product residue can act as a reducing agent. Reacts violently with oxidizing materials. May cause spontaneous heating and ignition when absorbed on combustible, porous material (e.g. rags, paper, sawdust, cotton, clothing).

6. Accidental release measures

Absorb spill with vermiculite or other inert material. Contaminated absorbent should be disposed of in accordance with local regulations. Collect in a noncombustible container for prompt disposal. Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. Flush with plenty of water.

7. Handling and storage

Personal precautions: Avoid breathing mist or vapour. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Prevention of Fire and Explosion: Keep from contact with oxidizing materials, highly oxygenated or halogenated solvents, organic compounds containing reducible functional groups. Remove and wash contaminated clothing promptly.

Storage: Store in original container. Keep container tightly closed to prevent the loss of water. Keep away from incompatible substances (see Incompatibility section.)

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure controls				
Chemical Name	Regulatory List	Value Type	Value	
Sodium bisulphite	Exposure Standards	time weighted average	5 mg/m3	
Sulphur dioxide		time weighted average Short term exposure limit	2 ppm 5.2 mg/m3 5 ppm 13 mg/m3	
Sodium bisulphite Sulphur dioxide	New Zealand	time weighted average time weighted average Short term exposure limit	5 mg/m3 2 ppm 5.2 mg/m3 5 ppm 13 mg/m3	

Ventilation: Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation should be sufficient so that applicable occupational exposure limits are not exceeded. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. Supplementary local exhaust ventilation, closed systems, or respiratory protection may be needed in special circumstances.

Respiratory protection: None should be needed. If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits, an approved respirator must be worn. Respirator type: acid gas If respirators are used, a program should be instituted to assure compliance with applicable federal, state, commonwealth, provincial, or local laws and regulations.

Eye protection: Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

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Hand protection: For operations where prolonged or repeated skin contact may occur, impervious gloves

should be worn.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical form: liquid

Colour: light yellow

Odour: odourless

Specific gravity: 1.36

Vapour pressure (at 20.0 °C (68.0 °F)): 24 mbar (18.0 mm Hg)

Vapour density: 0.6

Volatile fraction by weight: 40 - 45 %

Boiling point/boiling range: > 100 °C (> 212.0 °F)

Water solubility: complete

pH: 6.1

Flash point: > 93.33 °C (> 200.0 °F) (estimated)

Flammability Limits: Not specified

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability: Stable under normal conditions. Safe handling temperatures are dependent on specific conditions of use and are typically substantially below the onset temperature. Consult your technical safety experts.

Incompatibility: Acids, Strong bases, sodium hypochlorite (bleach), Halogenated compounds, Oxidizing agents Contact with strong acids liberates sulphur dioxide. Contact with sodium hypochlorite (bleach) may form chloramine (toxic gas). Contact with base liberates flammable material. Contact with base liberates ammonia.

Hazardous decomposition products: Ammonia, chloramine, Sulphur oxides.

Hazardous Polymerization: Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.

11. Toxicological information

Effects of Exposure

Inhalation: Harmful by inhalation. In contact with strong acids or if heated, sulphites may liberate sulphur dioxide gas. Sulphur dioxide gas is irritating to the respiratory tract. Some asthmatics or hypersensitive individuals may experience difficult breathing.

Eyes: No specific hazard known. May cause transient irritation.

Skin: Expected to be a low hazard for recommended handling.

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Ingestion: Expected to be a low hazard for recommended handling. Some asthmatics or sulfite-sensitive individuals may experience wheezing, chest tightness, stomach upset, hives, faintness, weakness and diarrhea.

Data for Sodium bisulphite (CAS 7631-90-5):

Acute Toxicity Data:

Oral LD50 (rat): > 1,600 mg/kg

Data for Sodium sulphite (CAS 7757-83-7):

Acute Toxicity Data:

Oral LD50 (rat): > 1,600 mg/kg

Inhalation LC50 (rat): > 22 mg/l / 1 hr
 Inhalation LC50 (rat): > 5.5 mg/l / 4 hr

• Skin irritation: none

· Eye irritation: slight; washing palliative

Data for Ammonium thiosulphate (CAS 7783-18-8):

Acute Toxicity Data:

Oral LD50 (male rat): 500 - 5,000 mg/kg
• Eye irritation: Eye irritation

12. Ecological information

The following properties are ESTIMATED from the components of the preparations.

Potential Toxicity:

Toxicity to fish (LC50): > 100 mg/l

Toxicity to daphnia (EC50): > 100 mg/l

Persistence and degradability: Not readily biodegradable.

13. Disposal considerations

Discharge, treatment, or disposal may be subject to federal, state, commonwealth, provincial, or local laws. Since emptied containers retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

14. Transport information

Not regulated for all modes of transportation.

For more transportation information, go to: www.kodak.com/go/ship.

15. Regulatory information

Notification status

Regulatory List Notification status

TSCA Not all listed

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DSL	All listed
NDSL	None listed
EINECS	Not all listed
ELINCS	None listed
NLP	None listed
AICS	All listed
IECS	All listed
ENCS	All listed
ECI	Not all listed
NZIoC	All listed
PICCS	All listed

[&]quot;Not all listed" indicates one or more component is either not on the public Inventory or is subject to exemption requirements. If additional information is needed contact Kodak.

Poisons Schedule: Not specified

Australian Safety and Compensation Council: none

Other regulations

Australia National Model Regulations for the Control of Scheduled Carcinogenic Substances

No components listed

16. Other information

The data below reflects current legislative requirements whereas the product in your possession may carry a different version of the label depending on the date of manufacture. The actual label information will depend upon the intended use of the product. Australian Safety and Compensation Council labeling appears for commercial/industrial use.

Australian Safety and Compensation Council Labeling:

Contains: Ammonium thiosulphate 50 - 55%

pH: 6 - 9



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Symbol/Indication of Danger: Xn: Harmful

Risk Phrases: R20: Harmful by inhalation.

Safety Phrases: S2: Keep out of reach of children

S23: Do not breathe vapour.

S24/25: Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

National Health and Medical Research Council Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Drugs and Poisons Labeling:

CONTAINS NO SCHEDULED POISONS

First aid: No first aid instructions are recommended for labelling purposes.

The information contained herein is furnished without warranty of any kind. Users should consider these data only as a supplement to other information gathered by them and must make independent determinations of suitability and completeness of information from all sources to assure proper use and disposal of these materials and the safety and health of employees and customers and the protection of the environment. The information relating to the working solution is for guidance purposes only, and is based on correct mixing and use of the product according to instructions.

R-1, S-2, F-1, C-1